PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR AUTOMATED LESION SEGMENTATION TOOL: LESIONQUANT Weidong Luo¹, Kelly M. Leyden¹, Aziz M. Ulug^{1,2}, Sebastian Magda¹, Julia Albright¹, Robert Haxton¹, Chris Airriess¹ ¹CorTechs Labs Inc., San Diego, CA, USA ²Institute of Biomedical Engineering, Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey

- significant value for clinicians evaluating disease progression.
- MRI images, or expert manual segmentation of lesions.
- intra-rater variability, resulting in low reproducibility.
- CorTechs Labs' LesionQuant is a fully-automated lesion reproducible lesion segmentations.
- This study objectively evaluates the segmentation results of LesionQuant compared to expert manual segmentation.

automated lesion segmentation tool, LesionQuant.

1.0mm x 1.0mm).



Accuracy

- Manual segmentation of lesion volumes was performed separately by an expert neuroanatomist.
- Accuracy evaluation was performed on a voxel by voxel basis after LesionQuant outputs and expert manual segmentation were spatially registered.
- Pearson's correlation coefficient, and DICE Coefficient (Percentage Volume Overlap) were used as objective evaluation metrics.

Reproducibility

- Eight sets of repeated scans were acquired for this study using four different scanner manufacturers (Toshiba 3T and 1.5, GE 1.5T, Philips 1.5T, Hitachi 1.2T, 1.5T, and 3T).
- Agreement of the total lesion volume between repeated scan segmentations for each subject was evaluated utilizing Pearson's Correlation Coefficient, Absolute Volume Difference, and Percentage Volume Difference.

Pearson's Correlation Coefficient (PCC)

- Accuracy: The correlation between the LesionQuant labeled lesion volume and expert labeled lesion volume.
- *Reproducibility*: The correlation between the initial scan and repeat scan lesion volumes across all test cases.

Volumetric Difference (Diff)

- Mean percentage volume difference between first scan and
- Lesion volumes classified by LesionQuant for the first s V_{scan} V_{rescan} Lesion volumes classified by LesionQuant for the repea

DICE Coefficient

• Mean percentage volume overlap of labeled volumes between LesionQuant lesion class volume and expert labeled lesion class volume across all test cases.

$$PCC = \frac{cov(x, y)}{\sigma(x)\sigma(y)}$$

$$Diff = \mu \left(\frac{2 * (|V_{scan} - V_{rescan}|)}{V_{scan} + V_{rescan}} \right)$$

$$DICE = \mu \left(\frac{2V_{ovl}}{V_{ctx} + V_{exp}} \right) * 100$$



RESULTS

ACCURACY: The accuracy results showed a high correlation between LesionQuant and expert manual segmentation, as shown in Table 1.

ucture Class	Pearson's Coefficient	DICE Coefficient (mean (STD)) [%]	
Lesion Volume	0.9776	83.4 (7.5)	

Table 1: Accuracy results of automated lesion segmentation of 31 subjects using LesionQuant compared to expert manual segmentation.

REPRODUCIBILITY: Results demonstrated a high correlation between initial scan and repeat scan data, as

ructure Class	Pearson's Coefficient	Absolute Volume Difference (mean) [cc]	Percentage Volume Difference (mean (STD)) [%]
esion olume	0.999	0.24	2.4 (±2.5)

Table 2: Reproducibility results comparing eight subjects scanned on different scanners.

DISCUSSION

The results of the study demonstrate that LesionQuant provides accurate and reliable segmentation when compared to expert manual segmentation.

In the future, further evaluations should increase the number of participants as well as include patients with other white matter diseases.

• Further studies should also include the full spectrum of lesion distribution and disease severity present in MS. • Finally, a future analysis should compare LesionQuant to other automatic tools that are available on the market.

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